

Getting Ready For IELTS Your Name Introduction to Course Information; Grammar, Reading, Writing and Vocabulary Summer 2025

We are delighted you have chosen to study IELTS at Worthing College.

Instructions: This pack will help you make the best possible start to studying this subject.

The tasks in this pack:

- should take you about 4 hours to complete.
- should be handed to your teacher when teaching starts from Monday 8th September with your name on it for assessment.
- are also available on the internet follow the links in the document.

If you need help: The tasks are designed to get a bit more difficult as you work through them as they are preparing you for studying at a higher level and to become an effective independent learner. You should try to get as far as you can working on your own but if you do need help, please email us at gettingreadyfor@worthing.ac.uk, telling us which Getting Ready For pack you are working on and what help you need. Help is available throughout the summer holidays.

| Skills Focus fo | or this Getting Ready for Pack |
|---|---|
| Note-taking Skimming and Scanning Learning new vocabulary | Challenge: • Using new vocabulary and grammar with accuracy. |

| Target Grade | Type of task | Task and subject specific skill reference | Deadline |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| All | Course Information | TASK 1: What's IELTS? | Week beginning 8 th |
| | momution | Read the IELTS Course Handbook for information about the | September |
| | | course and general information about some college procedures. | 2025 |
| | | (This file can be found in the same portal as this Getting Ready For | 2023 |
| | | Pack.) | |
| | | Read it also for a quick introduction to what the IELTS exam is, | |
| | | who it is for and how it is assessed. | |
| | | c) Watch a short clip following this link | |
| | | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2h1siL8CTyM | |
| | | (If you can't access the video via the provided link, please go to | |
| | | www.youtube.com/IELTSofficial and click on the video IELTS in | |
| | | short. | |
| All | Grammar | TASK 2: Grammar Diagnostic Test | Week |
| | | | beginning 8 th |
| | | You are required to complete the grammar tasks on the | September |
| | | attached pages. | 2025 |
| All | Reading | TASK 3: Skimming and Scanning | Week |
| | • | | beginning 8 ^{tl} |
| | | Study the two BBC Bitesize links on | September |
| | | skimming and scanning. | 2025 |
| | | Complete at least one of the quizzes. | |
| | | Link 1: | |
| | | https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/skillswise | |
| | | /skimming-and-scanning/zd39f4j | |
| | | Links 2: | |
| | | Reading tips, the purpose of texts and | |
| | | spotting mistakes - BBC Bitesize | |
| High | Vocabulary for | TASK 4: VOCABULARY – Describing People | Week |
| Grades | first IELTS topic: | TASK 4. VOCABOLAKI — Describing reopic | beginning 8 ^{tl} |
| Grades | Describing | Study the vocabulary for Describing <i>People</i> and complete the | September |
| | People People | quiz. After you finish, write one paragraph describing yourself. | 2025 |
| | reupie | Make sure you use key vocabulary in your paragraph. | 2023 |
| | | , | |
| | | http://www.onguid.com/onglich_recourse/ielte_teefl_veechules: | |
| | | http://www.engvid.com/english-resource/ielts-toefl-vocabulary-adjectives/ | |

Notes:

Please turn over for the Grammar exercises.

IELTS Grammar Diagnostic Test

8.2 Writing - Linking Words

| although | but | so that | wł |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| as if | i f | that | wł |
| because | ust as | unfartunately | wł |
| before | \$O . | until | wł |
| Several years ag | some friends and I decided | to go cycling together. We wai | ited |
| 1 | the rush hour was over | 2 we set off. | |
| 3 | it looked 4 | it was going to rain, we | still decided t |
| 5 | this was the last opport | unity we would have for some to | ime. We had |
| packed plastic m | acs 6 we | wouldn't get too wet 7 | th |
| was a shower. 8. | we were | riding along in single file on the | outskirts of t |
| Paul, 9 | was bringing up t | he rear as usual, suddenly gave : | a shout. |
| 10 | we turned back to see | what was wrong, we found 11. | |
| he had swerved t | o avoid a dog 12 | had run out in front of | him. |
| 13. | he had gone into a dite | ch at the side of the road. The b | icycle had ha |
| been damaged 14 | Paul wa | s 15 bruised | and shaken t |
| we decided to go | home. 16 | . we arrived at my house, it star | rted pouring v |
| rain. We realised | that our day out would hav | e ended badly even without the | accident. |



Conjunctions

Complete the following sentences.

| 1. | I left early because |
|-----|---------------------------------------|
| 2. | It was very expensive, but |
| 3. | They never come on time, so |
| 4. | There was a train strike, so |
| 5. | I'll do it when |
| 6. | I'd love to help, and |
| 7. | I'm learning Japanese, but |
| | I hate beach holidays, so |
| 9. | It didn't look very good, so |
| 10. | I'll tell her if |
| 11. | The phone rang while |
| 12. | I felt sick, so |
| 13. | It's snowing, but |
| 14. | I needed help, but |
| 15. | I called her a number of times, but |
| 16. | I wanted to speak to them while |
| 17. | It's a very expensive restaurant, and |
| 1 2 | It's open late so |

| | improve your wi Abbreviations on a | iting oplication forms (Mr. Mrs. Dr. | Rewrite the following with abbreviations. | | | |
|-----|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | n/a) | opinedecti forms (init, inits, bi, | 1 | Mister James Hewson Mr James Hewson | | |
| | | tions for these words. | | (NICO) - PARTICIPAL MARK | | |
| | 12 | | 2 | 2 kilogroms | | |
|] | | | | | | |
| - 2 | , | · | 3 | 63 Stamford Street | | |
| 3 | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | , | | |
| 5 | •• | | 4 | irregular verbs, for example | | |
| 6 | December | | | bring and buy | | |
| | Number | | | est. | | |
| 8 | September | | 5 | Queen's Park Road | | |
| 9 | et cetera (= and the others |) | | | | |
| ŀ | Here are some other abbro Natch the words on the right | eviations you see on application forms. to the correct abbreviations. Street | 6 | London South-West 7 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 2 e.g. 3 kg | kilometres | 7 | 10 kilometres | | |
| | 4 km | North, South, East, West | | | | |
| | 5 Mon/Tues/Wed/Thurs | exempli gratia (= for example) | 8 | arrived in the United Kingdom | | |
| | 6 N/S/E/W | Park | | from the United States | | |
| | 7 Pk | Road | | | | |
| | 7 Rd | | 9 | telephone number: 020 7939 | | |
| | 9 St | kilograms United States of America | | 3671 | | |
| 1 | | | | | | |
| | I UK | United Kingdom | | | | |
| | | telephone . | 10 | classes are on Tuesday and Thursday | | |
| 1 | 2 USA · | Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | 11 | January–March and April–September | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Spelling: Confusing words worksheet 1

- Ohoose the correct word for each sentence.

 You can do this by crossing out the word you think is wrong.
- Please turn (of / off) the CD player.
- 2. (They're / Their) waiting for us.
- Don't lose (your / you're) bag.
- 4. (It's / its) been awful recently.
- I think I know (who's / whose) it is.
- I haven't (quite / quiet) finished.
- 7. He (bought / brought) his brother along.
- Do you think this knot is too (lose / loose)?
- 9. The police made a (through / thorough) search of the house.
- 10. His (advice / advise) is usually very good.
 - Tross out the incorrect spelling in each pair of words.

accident / acident
beutiful / beautiful
muney / money
Febuary / February
aply / apply
Britain / Britin
ketchup / kechup
intresting / interesting
amung / among
different / diffrent

frend / friend
tommorrow / tomorrow
Tuesday / Tuseday
business / bisiness
largh / laugh
Wensday / Wednesday
chocolate / choclate
notise / notice
appology / apology
come / cume

U jumpled sentences 2

In the following sentences, the prepositional phrases are all in the wrong place. Put each one into the correct sentence.

- I don't mind a bit of fun, but putting salt in Gran's coffee is

 (a) OUT OF DATE.
- How long can you stay (b) IN BLOSSOM before you have to come up for air?
- John is in Saudi Arabia (c) WITH CARE, but he should be home next week.
- Before we were married, you said that you would love me
 (d) ON MY KNEES.
- The idea looks good (e) IN GEAR, but will it really work?
- The parcel which the postman threw on to my desk has 'Fragile, handle (f) FOR EVER' written on it.
- The orchard is beautiful in spring, when all the fruit trees are (g) OUT OF THE QUESTION.
- I can see from your tie that you had a boiled egg (h) AT PRESENT.
- When I went down (i) AFTER DARK and asked her to marry me, she said I was not tall enough.
- I didn't get a pay rise: the boss said that it was (j) ON PAPER this year.
- Practical training is often known as (k) BEYOND A JOKE training.
- This encyclopedia is (I) UNDER ARREST: it says that the present ruler of France is Napoleon Bonaparte.
- When the police told him he was (m) ON THE JOB for speeding, my grandfather was amazed, as he was on his bicycle at the time.
- The park is safe during the day, but you should not go there alone (n) FOR BREAKFAST.
- When you park, don't just put on the handbrake. Leave the car (o)
 UNDER WATER as well.

Write your answers here:

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| k | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

OL Audrey Hepburn

Read through the following and filt in the numbered blanks with a suitable preposition.

| Audrey Hepburn was born in 1930 (1) Belgium. (2) the age of seventeen, she won a scholarship to study ballet in London Not very long (3) that, she found herself playing small parts (4) English screen comedies. Her performance in a movie called <i>Monte Carlo Baby</i> brought her (5) the attention of director William Wyler, who had no doubt (6) her talent. Thanks (7) him, she was an instant success: when she was or twenty-four, she won an Oscar (8) her first starring role. |
|--|
| For the next fifteen years, she worked (9) Hollywood's most famous directors such as William Wyler and Billy Wilder. She played (10) giants of the screen like Humphrey Bogart, Henry Fonda and Fred Astaire in many movies, (11) which My Fair Lady ar Breakfast at Tiffany's are perhaps the best known. |
| She stayed away (12) the cameras for nine years (13) order to raise her two sons. In 1976, she returned (14) the silver screen and worked in two films before making her final appearance as an angel in Steven Spielberg's Always. |
| (15) addition (16) her success on screen, she tireless devoted herself (17) her work as an ambassador for UNICEF. Her trip (18) Somalia helped focus the world's attention (19) that tragic land. Her dedication (20) the cause of suffering children came (21) personal experience: during the Second World War, as a young teenager in the Nazi-occupied Netherlands, Hepburn and her mother had survived (22) eating tulip bulbs. |
| In January 1993, she died (23) cancer (24) her home (25) Switzerland. |
| Tall the and extraction me Ta |

I O Fill the gaps 1

Complete the sentences below with one of the following nouns plus a preposition.

basis campaign choice control cruelty excuse fall freedom genius anger knowledge objection eppesite strain problem

| | What is the <u>opposite of</u> 'timid'? Is it 'bold' or 'brave'? |
|-----|---|
| 20 | The chewing gum is that it loses its flavour too quickly. |
| 3.1 | If you had a marrying for love or marrying for money, which would you do? |
| | I know you have a cold, but that's no not doing your homework. |
| 151 | If you have to deal with overseas clients, a foreign languages is very useful. |
| 161 | Do you have any my parking my car in front of your house? |
| 174 | Since the salmonella scare there has been a considerable the consumption of eggs. |
| 18 | Perhaps the three most important human rights are hunger, fear and persecution. |
| 92 | Einstein hated school and often missed classes, but he was a real mathematics. |

| 11.0 | In the dispute between the union and the management, new proposals have been put forward which should at least provide a discussion. |
|------|--|
| | In our class, we can do as we like; our teacher has no us at all. |
| 12 | The RSPCA is the Royal Society for the Prevention of Animals. |
| 13 | Overweight people should not jog because it puts a great their hearts. |
| 141 | The African elephant will be extinct within twenty years if an international the ivory trade is not started immediately. |
| 15 | Vandalising public property is the only way some youngsters can express their society. |



いたかい かんきん かんきん かんかん はんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん ないなん のないかん しゅうしんしん しんしん ないしんしん

SPELLINGS - Spell these correctly and you're above average!

| 1. absence | 51, criticism | 101.hypocrisy | 151,preference |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| accidentally | 52. deceive | 102.imagination | 152.prejudice |
| accommodate | 53. decision | 103.immediately | 153.preliminary |
| achieved | 54. definite | 104.lmmigrate | 154.prestige |
| acknowledge | 55. desirable | 105.incidentally | 155.privilege |
| acquainted | 56. desperate | 106.independent | 156.procedure |
| 7. addresses | 57. disappeared | 107.indispensable | 157.proceeds |
| 8. aerial | 58. disappointed | 108.influential | 158.professional |
| 9. aggravate | 59. disastrous | 109.intelligence | 159.professor |
| 10.aggregate | 60. discipline | 110.irresistible | 160.pronunciation |
| 11.agreeable | 61. dissatisfied | 111.knowledge | 161 proprietary |
| 12.amateur | 62. efficiency | 112.iiaison | 162.psychology |
| 13.among | 63. eighth | 113.literature | 163.quiet |
| 14.analyse (Z) USA | 64. eliminated | 114.livelihood | 164.really |
| 15.analysis | 65. embarrassed | 115.lose | 165 received |
| 16.anxiety | 66. emphasise (Z)USA | 116.losing | 166.recognise |
| 17.apparent | 67. enthusiasm | 117.lying | (Z)USA |
| 18.appearance | 68. equipped | 118.mortgage | 167.recommended |
| 19.appropriate | 69. especially | 119 maintenance | 168.referred |
| | 70. essential | 120.marriage | 169.relieved |
| 20.argument | | 121.medicine | 170 repetition |
| 21.arrangements | 71. exaggerated 72. excellent | 122.Mediterranean | 171.restaurant |
| 22,athletic | 73. exercise | 123.miniature | 172.rhythm |
| 23.automation | | 124 minutes | 173.schedule |
| 24.awful | 74. exhausted | 125 mischievous | 174,scarcely |
| 25.bachelor | 75. existence | 126.murmur | 175.secretaries |
| 26.beginning | 76, expenses | 127.necessary | 176.seize |
| 27.believed | 77. experience | 128.negotiate | 177.sentence |
| 28.benefited | 78. extremely | 129.niece | 178.separate |
| 29.beneficial | 79. familiar | 130:noticeable | 179.severely |
| 30.breathe | 80. February | 131.occasional | 180.shining |
| 31 budgeted | 81. financial | 132.occasionally | 181.similar |
| 32 business | 82. foreign | 133.occurred | 182.sincerely |
| 33.catalogue | 83. forty | | 183.statutory |
| 34.ceiling | 84. friend | 134 occurrence | 184.successful |
| 35.certain | 85. fulfil | 135.omitted | 185.suppression |
| 36.choice | 86. fulfilled | 136.omission | 186.surprising |
| 37.clothes | 87. gauge | 137.opinion | 187.tendency |
| 38.college - | 88. genius | 138.originally | |
| 39.colleagues | 89. government | 139.parallel | 188.tragedy 189.transferred |
| 40.coming | 90. grammar | 140.parliament | |
| 41.committee | 91. grievance | 141.pastime | 190.twelfth |
| 42.comparative | 92. guard | 142.permanent | 191.unconscious |
| 43.competent | 93. guardian | 143.permissible | 192.undoubtedly |
| 44 completely | 94. handkerchief | 144.perseverance | 193.unnecessary |
| 45.conscientious | 95. height | 145.personnel | 194.until |
| 46.conscious | 96, heroes | 146.physical | 195.usually |
| 47.consistent | 97. honorary | 147.planning | 196.valuable |
| 48.convenience | 98. humorous | 148.pleasant | 197.view |
| 49.courteous | 99. hungry | 149.possesses | 198.Wednesday |
| 50.courtesy | 100,hurriedly | 150.preceding | 199.woollen |
| * | | - | 000 |

200.warehouse

ENGLISH WORDS MOST COMMONLY MISSPELT

| , | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| achieve achievement | describe description | humour humorous | occurred occurrence |
| address | develop | immediate immediately | parallel paralleled |
| appoint | development | independent dependent dependant | preliminary |
| argue arguing argument | existence existent | knowledge | proceed procedure |
| author Arthur | forty four | knowledgeable | profession |
| | | leisure | |
| begin beginning | grammar grammatical | library | |
| benefit benefited | grief grievous | maintain | |
| business | height | maintenance | repetition repeat |
| changeable | رن | managerial manageable | succeed success |
| commit committee | | necessarily | true truly |
| definitely committing | | occurring | |

Choose the correct word or phrase to complete the sentences.

- If you aren't sure of a word, check its/it's meaning in your dictionary.
- I'm not sure if they're/ there coming.
- She's done well, isn't/hasn't she?
- It can not/cannot be ready on time.
- 5. I did hardly/hard any work yesterday.
- It was a rush, but we just managed to get there in/on time.
- You really should/ought to help more often.
- 8. I had less/fewer time than I needed.
- It was cancelled because/because of the bad weather.
- She's away on a business journey/trip.
- Thieves stole/robbed my office last night.
- 12. I'll see her while/during the summer.
- 13. If/Unless you don't stop smoking, you'll be seriously ill.
- 14. I met them on holiday/holidays.
- 15. She'll be back soon; she's been/gone to the bank.
- 16. I want it ready until/by five o'clock.
- 17. I must pay/pay for my phone bill this week.
- 18. What time does your train get/reach to the station?
- 19. I must return the books I lent/borrowed from the library.
- 20. I arrived home late, so I lost/missed the film on TV.

27 It - impersonal subject (continued)

Ĭ

Ĕ

Complete the sentences by using one of the introductory phrases in the box. Each phrase may only be used once.

| 29 | | |
|----------|--|--|
| ₫ | A THE STATE OF THE | It's awful It was decided It's difficult It's fascinating It was fun |
| 選 | | It's not nice It's a pity It's ridiculous It's risky It's silly |
| Ĭ | 1 | she didn't come to the party. |
| == | | doing this job when the director's away. |
| no. | 2 | doing this job when the director's away. |
| 23 | 3 | he should get the prize. |
| = | 4 | not knowing who got the job. |
| 3 | 5 | to go on holiday with Sarah and Jane. |
| | 6 | to plan things a long way ahead. |
| = | . 7 | to invest a lot of money in that hotel chain. |
| <u>-</u> | 8 | having to wait an hour in the rain, you know. |
| 3 | 9 | to see the advances taking place in medicine. |
| = | 10 | spending so much money on a coat. |
| | | |

D See how many sentences you can make using the phrases in the table below.

| | | sensible | going to see them every week. |
|------|----------|-----------|---|
| | • | liring | to get the tickets in advance. |
| | | possible | to meet the Prime Minister. |
| - 1 | is | necessary | living in Tokyo. |
| | could be | difficult | to tell him what we were planning. |
| lt . | will be | easy | owning a restaurant. |
| | was | easier | to let them know where we were going. |
| | wasn't | fun · | to get there on time. |
| | | expensive | to see the Deputy Prime Minister. |
| | | clever | to arrange an appointment for next week |

When do I need to use an apostrophe?

1 Tick the correct sentence in each pair.

- 1 a I am sorry but I wont be able to come to your party on Saturday.
 - b I am sorry but I won't be able to come to your party on Saturday.
- 2 a Children's toys are much more sophisticated now than in the past
 - b Childrens toys are much more sophisticated now than in the past

We use apostrophes

• to shorten words and show that some letters have been left out: cannot → can't; could not → couldn't; do not → don't; he will → he'll; will not → won't; she would → she'd.

These contractions are mostly used in spoken or informal language: *I can't find Peter anywhere – he isn't in the staffroom or in his office.*

• after people or animals to show possession: Mary's hat, the cat's food dish

We do not use an apostrophe

- with possessive pronouns, such as its, ours, theirs, yours:
 The caterpillar stays in its cocoon until metamorphosis is complete. (not it's cocoon)
- when we add s to a singular noun to make it plural, even if we are using a commonly abbreviated word: CDs, TVs (not: CD's, TV's)
- to show possession with things. Instead, we use *of the*: *the leg of the chair* (not *the-chair's leg*)



3 Correct the mistakes in the sentences below. Some sentences may have more than one mistake, some may be correct.

- 1 I put Jack coat on a hanger in the cupboard.
- 2 I cant understand why older people dont like modern music.
- 3 I bought three new CD's this week.
- 4 The dog wagged it's tail when it saw the children.
- 5 Fresh avocado's on sale today!
- 6 Which one is mine and which one is her's?
- 7 Can you put this in the car's boot for me?
- 8 It's about time you fixed that car of yours.

IELTS Handbook

Contents:

- THE STAFF TEACHING IELTS:
 - How to contact us
 - Where to find us
 - Contacting you
- THE COURSE:
 - Aims of the course
 - What is IELTS?
 - External examinations
 - How is it assessed?
- MARKING POLICY
- INFORMATION AND LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES:
 - Student Intranet and websites
- TYPICAL WAYS OF WORKING
- RESOURCES
- ABSENCES
 - Staff absence
 - Student absence
- TRIPS
- HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR OWN LEARNING
- THE CARE PRINCIPLE: OUR EXPECTATIONS OF YOU

HELLO AND WELCOME TO THE IELTS COURSE

This handbook provides you with general information about the IELTS course in years 1 and 2.

THE STAFF teaching IELTS

| Daniel Rovira | Teacher | IELTS |
|---------------|---------|-------|
|---------------|---------|-------|

You will have **three sessions (classes) each week**. Two will last 90 minutes and one will last an hour.

Languages are generally taught on the College's ground and first floor. You will find staff in this area always ready to help you (Room 141 is the language lab).

Contacting you: The teacher will see you in lessons but will also contact you via e-mail at your college address, or Teams.

Urgent messages will be posted on the college monitor system. You can also contact the teacher by email using the college address above.

AIMS OF THE COURSE

The IELTS Academic English course is designed to **prepare you for study at Higher Education and University entrance.** To reach the appropriate level required for university entrance, you will normally attend IELTS Preparation classes in Year 12 and Year 13.

Unless you have already taken an IELTS test, we will expect you to sit the examination at the end of Year 12 to give you official confirmation of the level you are working at.

If you are **applying to university**, **you will need to have an IELTS test result** when you fill in UCAS form in September / October.

Homework is a compulsory part of the course and must be handed in on time. We also expect you to spend time working on your English outside lessons in addition to your homework. Please read the section on 'How to improve your own learning'.

WHAT IS IELTS?

This stands for the International English Language Testing System

What and who is it for?

It is for the development of Academic and General English Skills for those who wish to study and move on to university or use English in the workplace where English is used as the medium of communication.

At Worthing College, we prepare students for the Academic IELTS test.

When you take the IELTS Test, you will achieve a score, called a BAND, from 0-9 for each skill (i.e., reading, writing, speaking, and listening) and an overall band. Generally, universities in the U.K. require a minimum of 6.0 overall to start an undergraduate course.

The universities may also require a specific band in particular skill areas. For example:

- A student wishing to study Hospitality at Oxford Brookes University will need an overall Band 6.0 with a minimum of Band 6.0 in reading and Band 6.0 in writing.
- For all courses at the University of Kent, an average Band 6.5 is required overall with a minimum of 6.0 in all 4 skills.

What is studied?

All four skills – listening, reading, writing, and speaking:



A discussion piece, formal reports, summaries, describing graphs and diagrams.



For specific information, reading more quickly for information (skimming and scanning) and looking at inferring information and general comprehension.



For specific information, note taking and general communication.



In a variety of situations, gaining confidence and improving pronunciation.

The IELTS examination takes place in Brighton at the end of April / beginning of May.

EXTERNAL EXAMINATIONS

ACADEMIC READING

3 Sections. 40 questions. 60 minutes

- Multiple choice
- Short answer questions
- Notes, summary, diagram, table completion
- True/False
- Matching lists or phrases

LISTENING

- 4 Sections. 40 questions. 30 minutes
 - Multiple choice
 - short answer Completing forms/diagrams
 - Labelling a diagram Matching.

ACADEMIC WRITING

Task 1: 20 minutes. 150 words +

Describe information in the form of a diagram or a table

Task 2: 40 minutes. 250 words +

Discursive essay – discuss and issue/give an opinion, make a recommendation.

SPEAKING

11-14 minutes

Part 1: 4- 5 minutes- General familiar topics: home, family, etc.

Part 2: 3-4 minutes – Talk for one or two minutes on topic.

Part 3: 4-5 minutes -- Conversation linked to Part Two.

• HOW IS IT ASSESSED?

Through 'Bands'. There are NINE bands.

| BAND 9 | Expert User Full command of the language; the speaker is fluent and accurate. | |
|----------|---|--|
| BAND 8 | Very Good User Full command of the language with only a few inaccuracies and some misunderstandings in unfamiliar situations. | |
| BAND 7 | Good User Command of the language but with some inaccuracies and inappropriate use. Some misunderstandings. Can use and handle complex structures. | |
| BAND 6 | Competent User General command of the language, but with some inaccuracies, inappropriate use and misunderstandings. Some complex structures are used, but in more familiar situations. | |
| BAND 5 | Modest User Has some command of the language but is likely to make mistakes. Basic communication is achieved in familiar situations. | |
| BAND 4 | Limited User Basic communication is achieved when dealing with familiar situations only. Has many problems in understanding and expression. Is not able to use complex language. | |
| BAND 3 | Very limited User Only general meaning is conveyed in very familiar situations. Breakdown in communication is frequent. | |
| BAND 2-0 | No real communication is possible, maybe only a few words or basic information in isolated words. Great difficulty in understanding spoken and written English, or no English skills at all. Too low for any college use. | |

MARKING POLICY

Students' assessments will take one of the following forms:

- Oral feedback
- Written comments (with individual targets)
- Numerical marks
- IELTS bands as in the official examination

All practice papers will be marked according to the IELTS banding system.

We strive to return all submitted work within 10 days, provided students hand in their assignments on time.

INFORMATION AND LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES

The TEAMS page is the college virtual learning environment. You can access it via your opening screen once you log on to the College network. You can also access it from home.

You must register on the IELTS course on **TEAMS** to access its content. You will find:

- Schemes of work
- Copy of Handbook
- Learning Plans
- Additional materials to help you with your work.

Internet: There will be an induction session in September to allow you to check out all the wonderful resources that the internet offers to language students. The main ones are listed on **TEAMS**.

TYPICAL WAYS OF WORKING

- Individual work
- Group work
- Pair work
- Regular use of the language lab
- Working on computers/laptops
- Using authentic texts from radio, TV, press or the web
- Regular learning of vocabulary and grammar
- Keeping a record of study

RESOURCES

Textbooks are used in class, and you can buy your own copy. Grammar books and other relevant materials will be available for use in the classroom. Bilingual and monolingual dictionaries are also available in the classroom and the library. You are strongly advised to buy your own paper dictionary and grammar manual with exercises and answers in addition to those available in college.

LIBRARY:

In addition to **daily newspapers**, there are **books** (fiction and non-fiction) graded according to difficulty, some of them have accompanying audio tapes or CDs. There are also general information books for research purposes. Make a habit of reading every week and noting and learning the vocabulary. This will also give you an insight into current issues.

We also have available a copy of current **textbooks and grammar books**. A selection of **specialised vocabulary books** will help you with some of your AS level subjects. The library also stocks some of the best **films**.

Listening practice: You will have at least one language laboratory session per week to develop your listening skills.

ABSENCE AND TEACHING COVER ARRANGEMENTS

Staff Absence:

In case of planned absence, the work will be set in advance and posted on TEAMS. If the absence is unexpected, your work will be put on TEAMS.

Student absence:

Absent students are expected to collect materials from the teacher. You are expected to catch up on the work you have missed because of absence, including homework. It is your responsibility to find out what you have missed. You MUST inform the college if you are not coming in.

Absence Line 24-hour answerphone 01903 275722

AllAbsenceCalls@worthing.ac.uk

Ring or email before 9:30am Speak clearly and slowly. Leave your full name and reason for absence.

For planned absences, please complete an <u>Absence Form.</u>
These are also available from Student Services on the Ground Floor, near the Main Entrance

TRIPS

Trips to London, Portsmouth and other places are usually offered by an external provider. Many students, however, prefer to organise their own days out which will help foster independence and improved language use.

BAND 6 or 6.5 is required by most universities but it could be 7. For some courses, universities will specify a minimum writing band (usually 6) or a minimum band across the 4 skills (overall 6.5 with a minimum of 6 in all skills)

Further information can be found on www.ielts.org

• HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR OWN LEARNING? (General information for all your subjects)

| BE ORGANISED | Get a Lever Arch Folder and a set of dividers . This will enable you to separate your work into sections such as topic work, grammar, and vocabulary. This will help you revise later. |
|---------------------|---|
| BE READY | Regular learning of vocabulary is essential. The easiest way to do this is to try and reuse each unfamiliar word or expression as soon as you can after meeting it for the first time. |
| BE AWARE | A considerable amount of time and effort outside scheduled lessons will be essential if you want to achieve the best result you can. For a first-year student attending all lessons we expect an additional 3-4 hours of independent study. |
| BE CONSCIENTIOUS | What do you do with your returned written work? Writing it is only half the task! You need to be prepared to spend time reading it through and correcting it. If you make a list of your common mistakes with the correct version and read it before writing the next piece of work, you will improve your weak points. |
| BE PRO-ACTIVE | All the extra practice you put in will pay off; watch films, read books, newspapers, and magazines, listen to the radio, take every opportunity to speak the language. |

THE CARE PRINCIPLE: MEETING EXPECTATIONS

HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR OWN LEARNING? (General information for all your subjects)

| Commitment | Record set homework in planners Have a subject folder with dividers Participate orally in class Complete homework on time |
|--------------------|---|
| A ttendance | Attend ALL sessions Always be punctual Bring folder and materials to ALL sessions |
| Respect | Be attentive to teacher Listen to others' contributions Work collaboratively in groups Respect diversity of cultures and nationalities |
| Expectations | Go through class notes after each session Keep records of regular independent learning in table provided |

Your work and progress will be assessed at various points each term and may be reported to your parents or guardians. If you do not reach the expected standard, you will be interviewed by YOUR TUTOR and may be put on an action plan.